**Economic Inequality Key words**

**Economic Inequality**

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| **Developed** | Northern Hemispheres (Australia, USA) | Industrialised/ Good health/ standard of living | Workforce in secondary/ tertiary activities |
| **Quickly developing** | Tiger economies (China Brazil) | Rapid industrialisation/ Exporting good/ wages increasing | Improved living standards |
| **Slowly Developing** | Third world (southern Hemisphere) (Mali/ Ethiopia) | Over reliant of primary sector/ little or no manufacturing | Affected by famine/ war/ high birth rates |

**Reasons for Inequality**

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| Exploitation | Trade | Raw material bought cheaply from poor country | Finished goods sold for huge profit by wealthy country |
| MNC control trade | Low levels of pay | Colonialism | Age of exploration 15-17th C |
| S. America & Africa | Took resource/ raw materials | Stripped countries of natural resources | Still controls trading routes |
| Debt & corruption | Debt to world banks= no money to invest in services/ infrastructure | Huge interest on debt | Corrupt leaders= money missing/ easily bribed |
| **Colonialism Ireland** | Forests cleared/ industrial revolution | Grain/ food exported for low prices= starvation | Plantations= religious divide/  No secondary activities |
| **Coffee Trade** | Uganda/ Kenya= perfect climate/ no frost | Plantations= (MNC owned) beans hand picked/ heavy work/ little pay | Local farms= cash crops= local markets= more profit |
| **Exploitation of coffee** | Price= large profits (MNC)/ fluctuating price/ MNC control processes= most profit | Protectionism= High taxes/ tariffs on processed coffee. Threaten stopping aid | Dependency= One export/ Over dependency/ No money for services |

**Aid**

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| Bilateral (Ethiopia) | Multilateral (100 million to UN) | Non government organisations (MNC) | Emergency aid (Philippines Floods) |
| Development aid | Tied aid | NGO= Trocaire/Goal |  |
| Positives of aid | Natural disasters/ saves lives | Improves healthcare/ education/ Up skills workforce | Forges relationships between countries |
| Negatives of aid | Countries become dependent | Corruption/ military aid= war/ death | Tied aid results in exploitation |
| Case study Bilateral Aid (Irish Aid) | Ethiopia 2013=26Million. | Food security/ drought common/ work for food programme | Health and education/ training and up skilling |
| HIV/AIDS 14% of budget | Reforming system of government | Tackling corruption |  |

**Obstacles to Growth**

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| Sierra Leone/ Sudan | Climate change/ Drought/desertification | Infertile soils/ famine/ hotter & drier | War and conflict (money spent of arms) |
| Bitter civil war | 70% of children not in school | Child soldiers | War slows economic growth |
| Population growth | High birth rates/ Low status of women | Low life expectancy/ uneducated |  |

**Economic Inequality Ireland and Europe**

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| **Greater Dublin Area (GDA) Core area** | High pop density/ 70% of population/ Low lying/ mild climate/ brown soils | Well developed roads/ rail/ airports/ attracts a lot of industry/ excellent farms | 95% work in tertiary & secondary/ high incomes/ high standards of living |
| **Border, Midlands West (Peripheral Region) Poor** | Low pop density/ high emigration/ low marriage/ birth rates/ Mountainous/ bogs/ flooded/ leached | Poor road network/ few airports/ One motorway/ Galway focus of development/ few 3rd level/ | Farms small and subsistence/ part time/ low levels of services/ unattractive for industry |
| **Northern Italy (core area)** | High pop density/ in-migration/ low lying/ mild climate/ fertile soil/river po | Productive farms/ excellent road/ rail/ airports/ access to EU markets/ high standards of living | Highly industrialised/ HEP/ high employment/ Industrial triangle (Milan/Turin/Genoa) |
| **Mezzogiorna (S. Italy)(Peripheral Region) Poor** | Out migration/ braindrain/ low pop density/ aging population/ 85% mountainous | Poor soils (terra rossa) too hot/dry/ Droughy/ Poor infrastructure/ Autostrada connects to north | High unemployment/ low standard of living/Cash crops/ Tourism growing/ Subsistence farming |

**Solutions to economic Inequality**

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| **Aid** | Appropriate aid | Focused on education | Cease tied aid (stop exploitation) |
| **Fair trade** | Fair price.  Stop child labour | Stop exploitation.  Reduce tariffs and taxes | Stop fluctuating prices. |
| **Debt** | Clear loans 2005= 500 billions | Debt Cancellation- 18 countries/ new initiative (Zambia) | Improve health/ education/rural infrastructure |